

Percorso diagnostico nelle thalassemie

Genetica Thalassemia

clinica

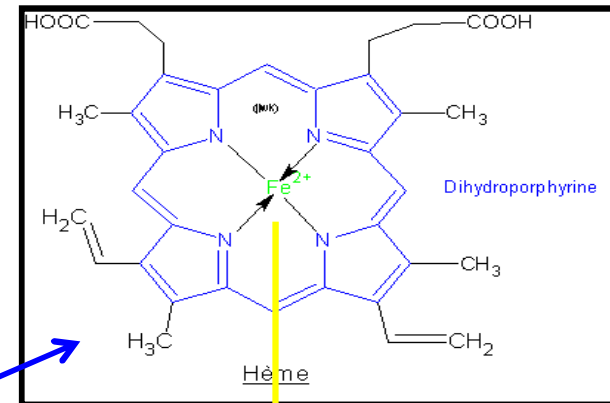
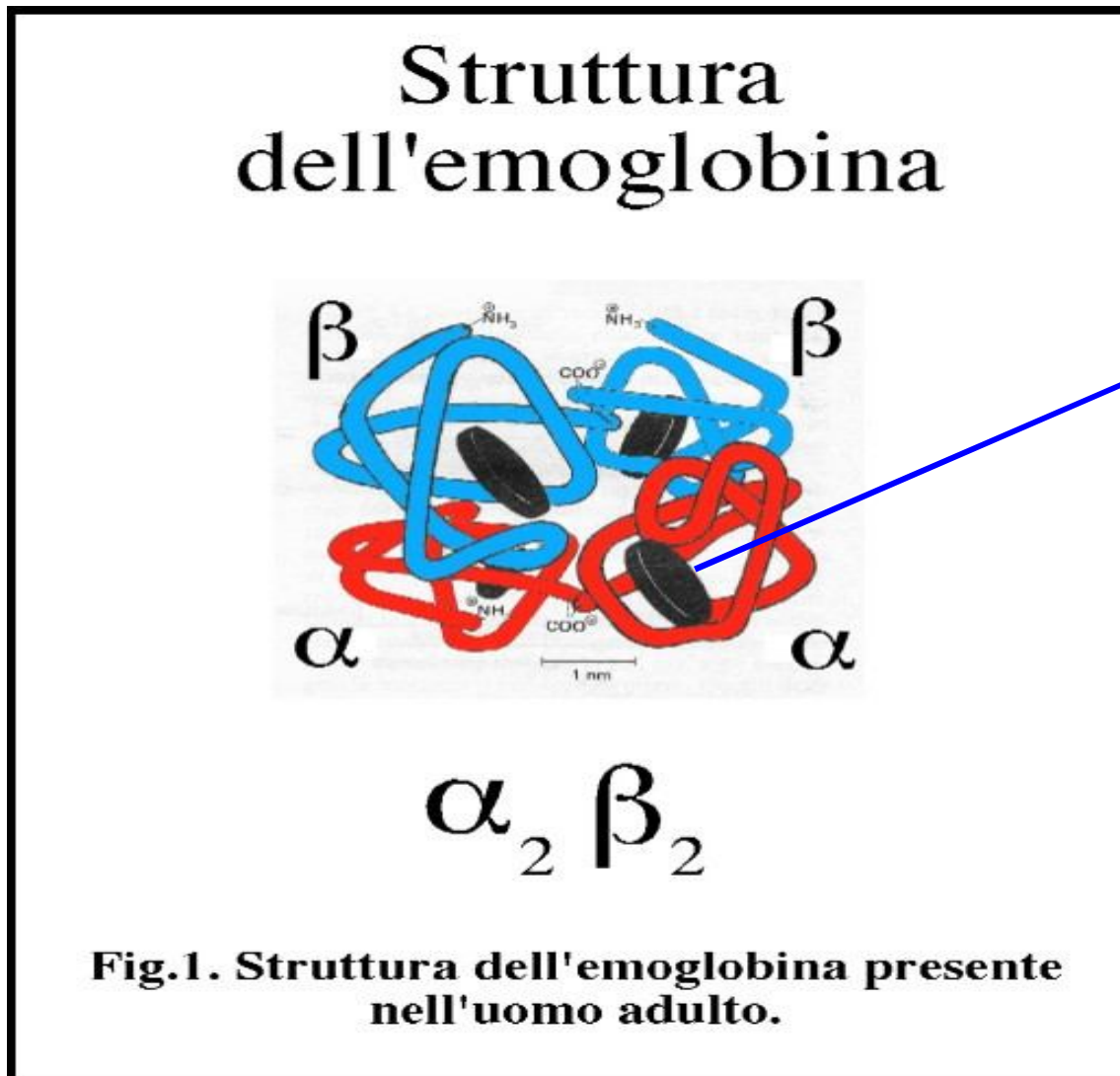
α – thalassemia

- Idrope fetale
- Malattia di HBH
- Trait α thalassemico
- Portatore silente

β – thalassemia

- Talassemia major - Soggetto omozigote mutato o eterozigote composto; grave anemia, trasfusione dipendente;
- Talassemia intermedia - Soggetto omozigote mutato o eterozigote composto; anemia intermedia, trasfusione dipendente;
- Talassemia minor – Soggetto eterozigote wt/ β^0 o wt/ β^+ ; portatore asintomatico.

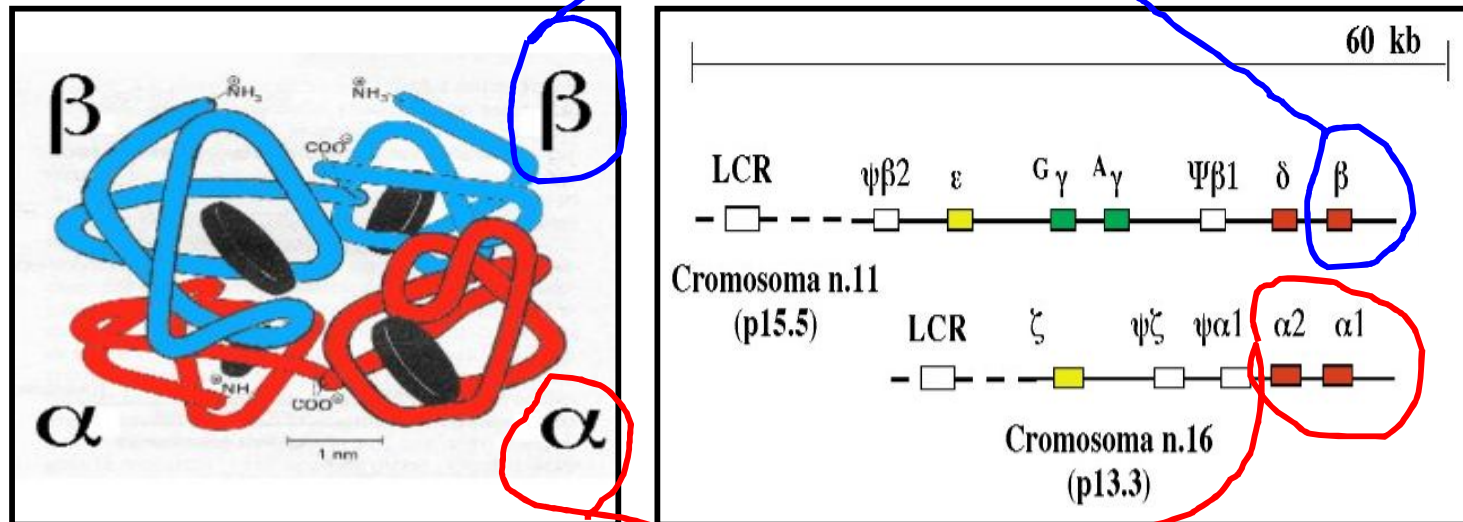
Struttura dell'Emoglobina: globina + eme



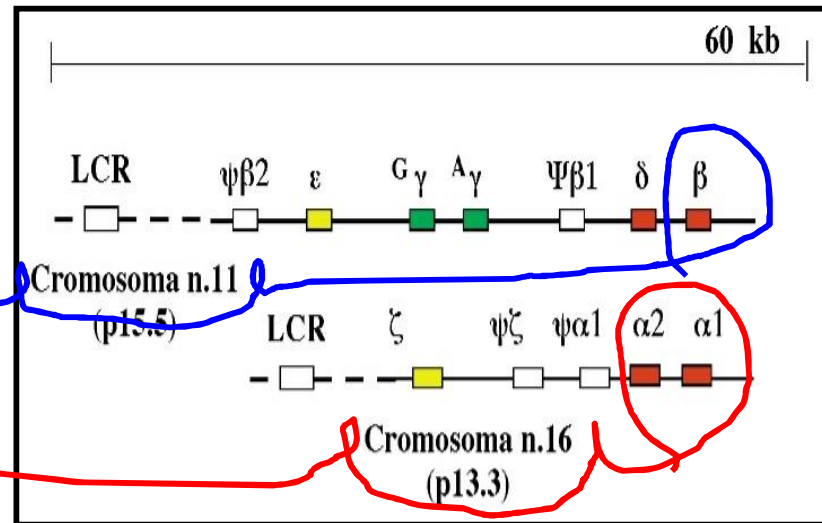
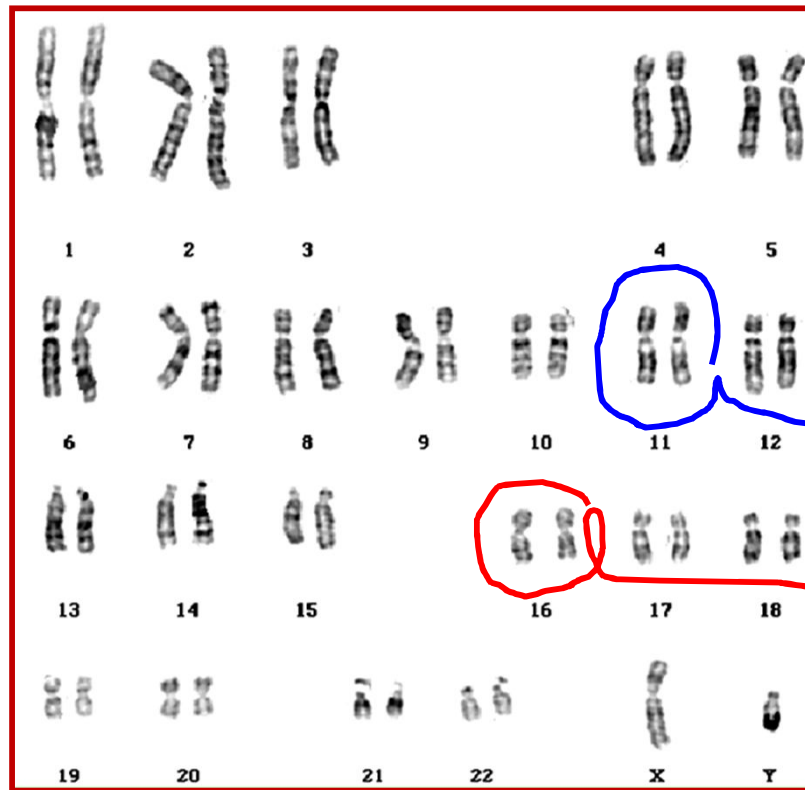
Eme=porfirina+Fe

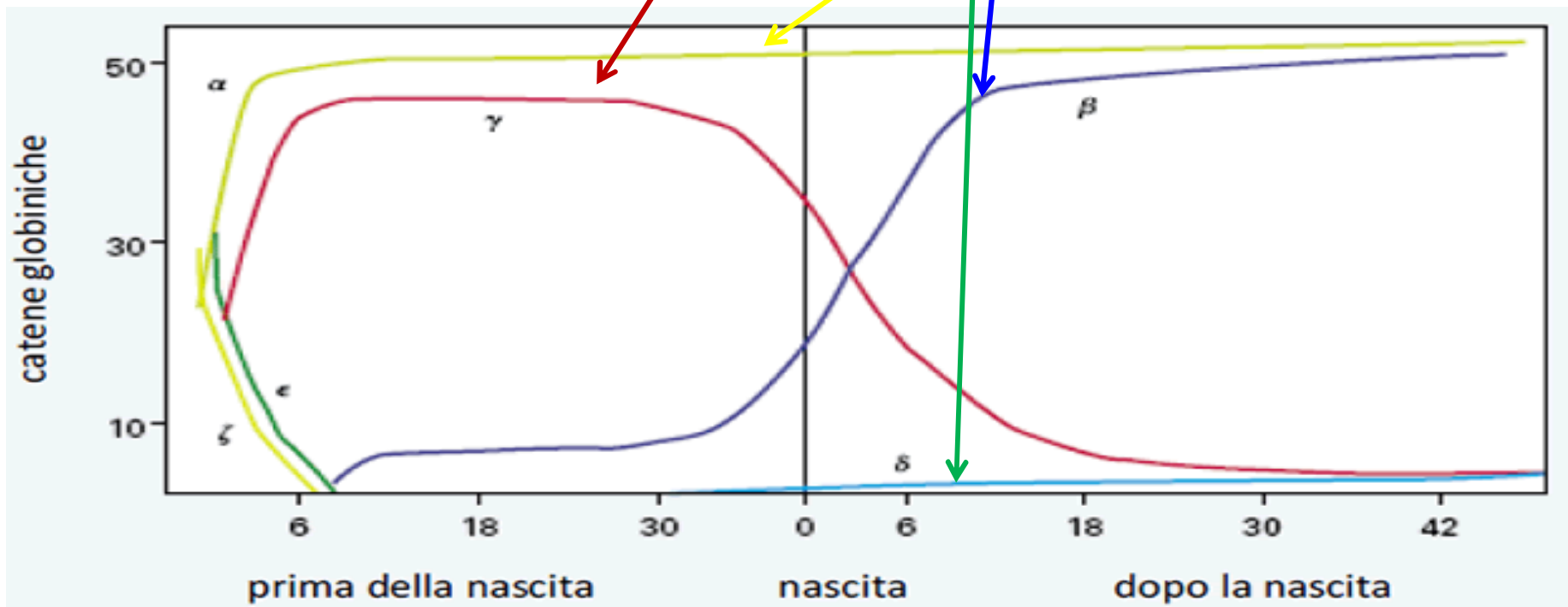
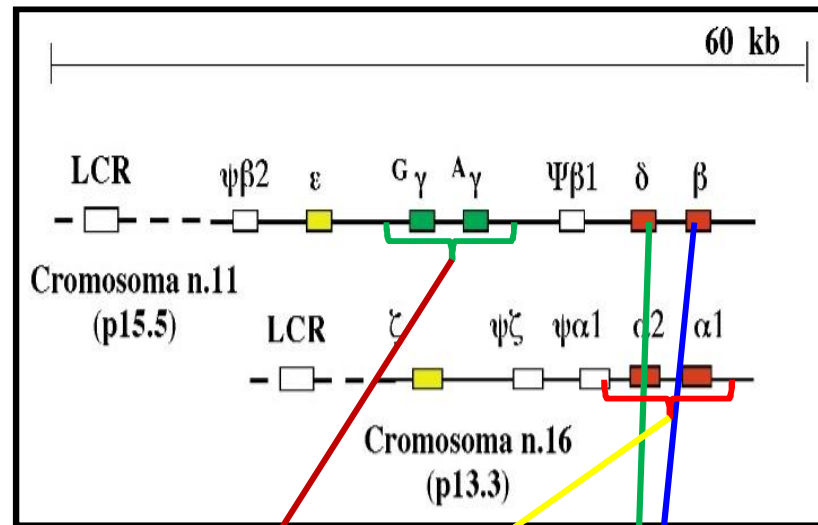


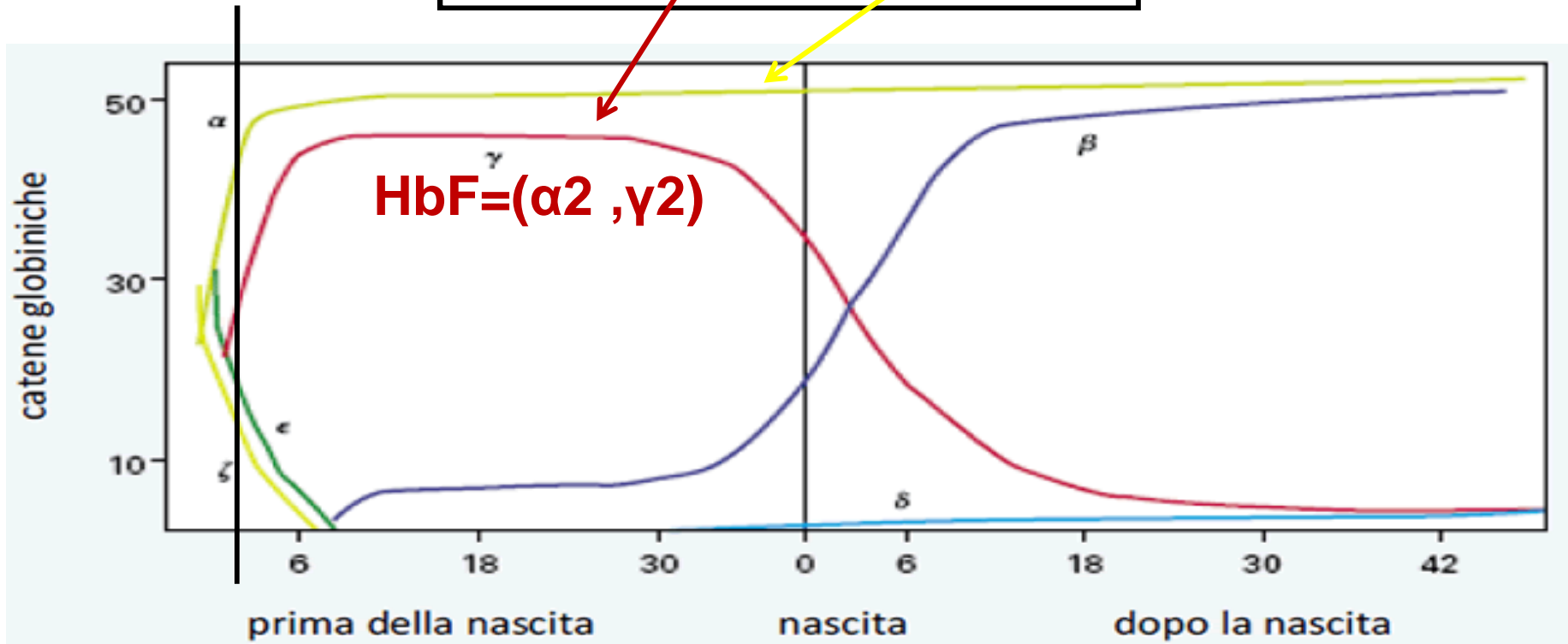
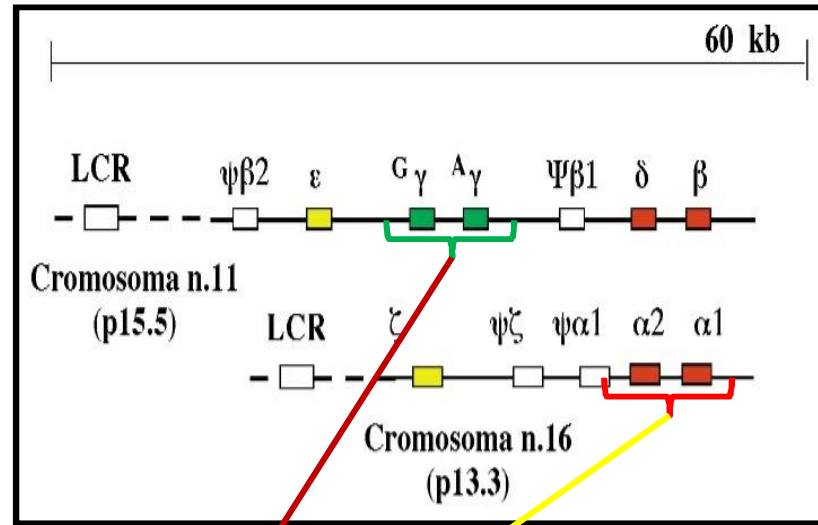
Genetica delle catene globiniche

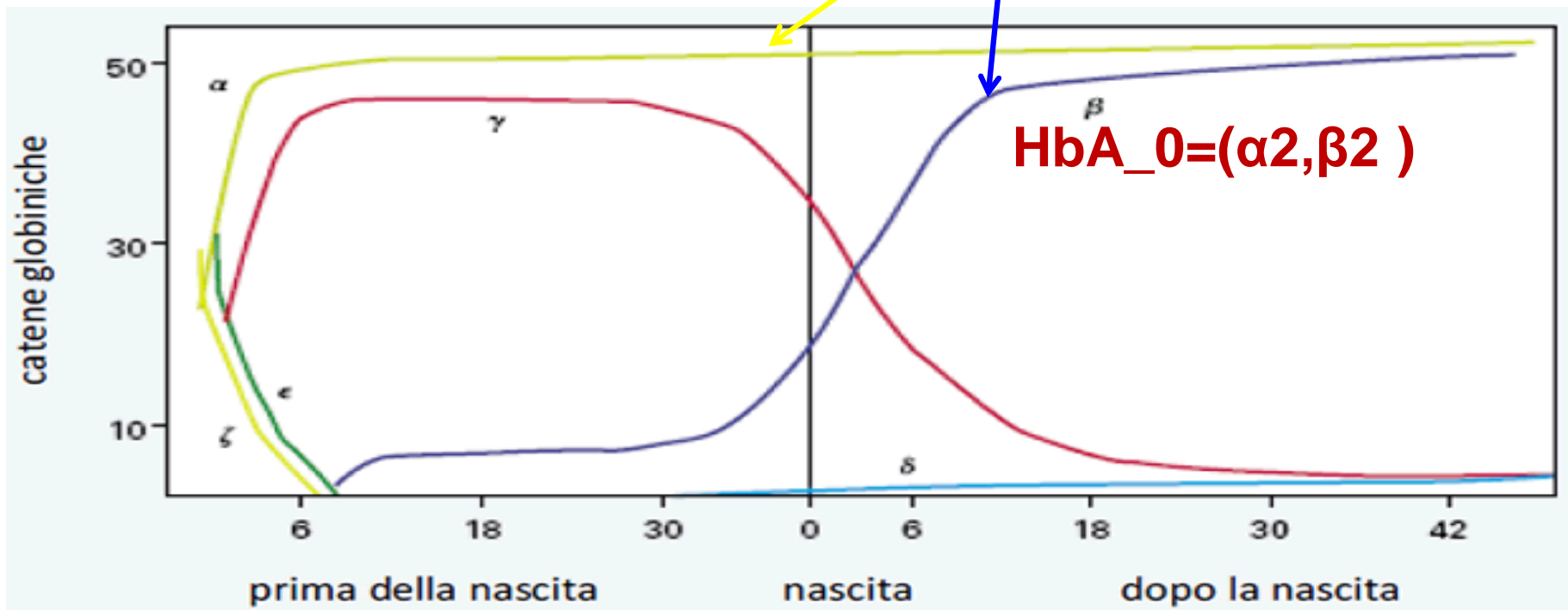
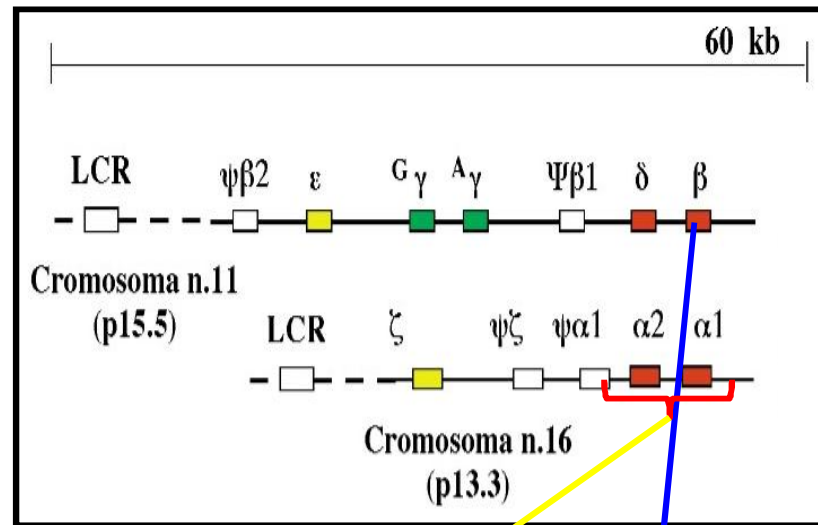


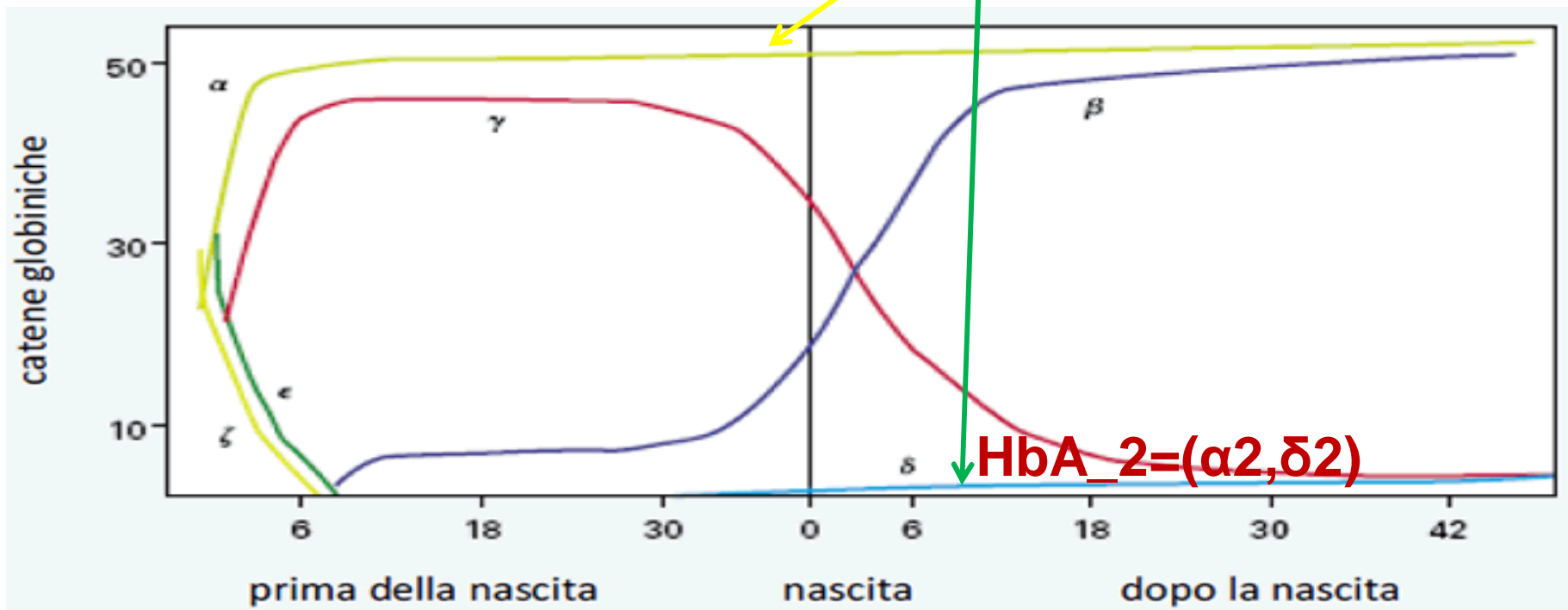
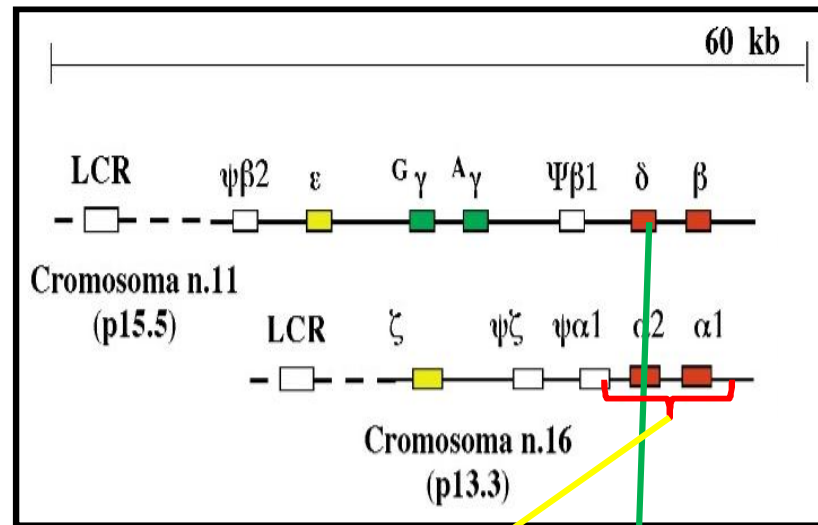
Genetica delle catene globiniche











Emoglobine nel globulo rosso

soggetto normale adulto

- HbA 92-95% (α_2, β_2)
- HbA_1c 3-5% ($\alpha_2, \beta_2 + \text{glucosio}$)
- HbA_2 2-3% (α_2, δ_2)
- HbF <1% (α_2, γ_2)

Le Talassemie

Le talassemie sono un gruppo eterogeneo di disordini genici nei quali numerose e diverse mutazioni causano una riduzione o l'assenza totale di sintesi di una o più catene globiniche che costituiscono l'emoglobina.

Fenotipo classico del portatore di β thalassemia

- MCV, fl 67 +/- 6
- MCH, pg 22 +/- 2
- HbA₂ 5 +/- 1
- HbF <1; >1

Genetica Talassemia

tipi emoglobina

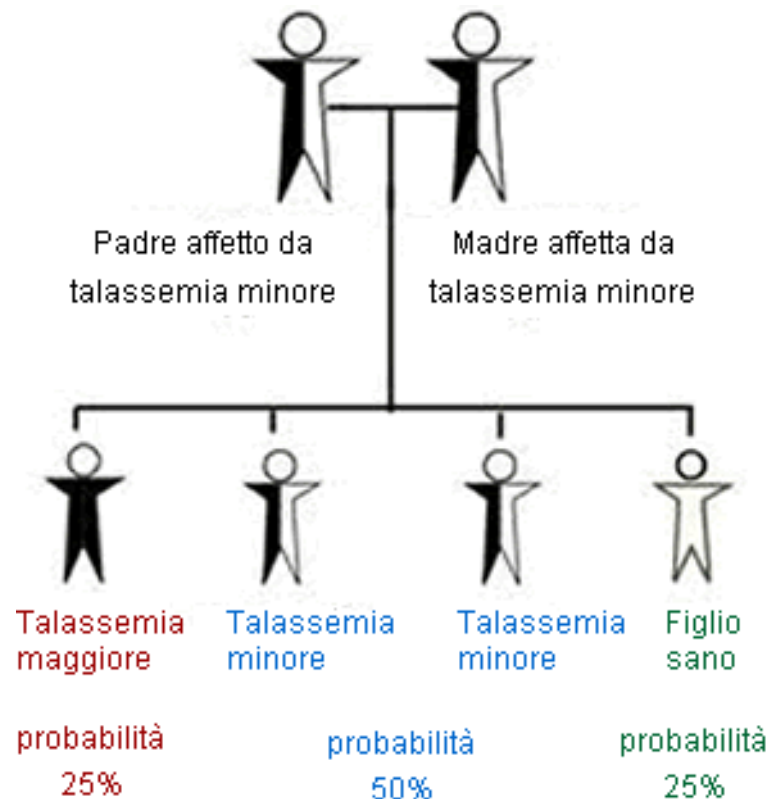
β – thalassemia

- **Talassemia major – Soggetto β/β**
 - HbF 95-97%,
 - HbA₂ 3-5%;
- **Talassemia intermedia – Soggetto β^+/β^+ , β^0/β^+ ;**
 - Elevati valori di Hb A₂>F;
- **Talassemia minor – Soggetto portatore sano wt/ β .**
 - HbA₂ 4-7%,
 - HbF 2-3% (30% dei casi),
 - MCV 60-70 fl,
 - anisopoichilocitosi.

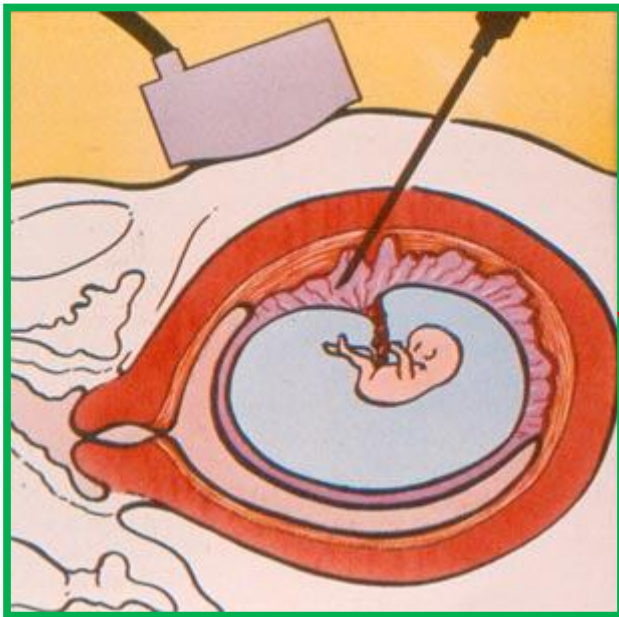
Genetica β Talassemia

1. Sono state descritte oltre 200 mutazioni che alterano la funzionalità della catena globinica β

2. Modello di trasmissione Autosomica Recessiva



Diagnosi Prenatale β Talassemia



Prelievo DNA Fetale per studio catene β ed STR DNA (escludere una contaminazione DNA fetale_materno)

1. Consulenza genetica
2. Prelievo venoso per studio catene β ed STR DNA

